

# WRF Registry and Examples

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# Outline

- Registry Mechanics
  - \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_
- Examples

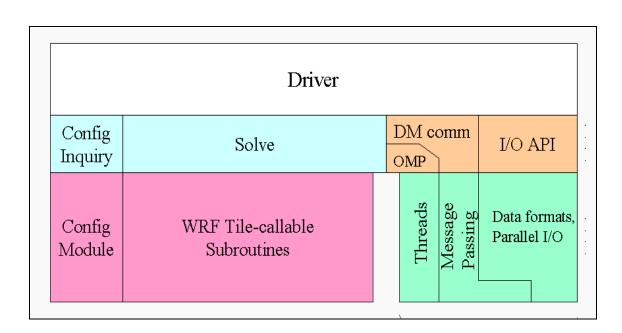
#### Introduction – Intended Audience

- Intended audience for this tutorial session: scientific users and others who wish to:
  - Understand overall design concepts and motivations
  - Work with the code
  - Extend/modify the code to enable their work/research
  - Address problems as they arise
  - Adapt the code to take advantage of local computing resources

#### Introduction – WRF Resources

- WRF project home page
  - http://www.wrf-model.org
- WRF users page (linked from above)
  - http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/users
- On line documentation (also from above)
  - http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/WG2/software\_v2
- WRF user services and help desk
  - wrfhelp@ucar.edu

#### WRF Software Architecture



Registry

- Hierarchical software architecture
  - Insulate scientists' code from parallelism and other architecture/implementation-specific details
  - Well-defined interfaces between layers, and external packages for communications, I/O, and model coupling facilitates code reuse and exploiting of community infrastructure, e.g. ESMF.

#### WRF Registry

- "Active data-dictionary" for managing WRF data structures
  - Database describing attributes of model state, intermediate, and configuration data
    - Dimensionality, number of time levels, staggering
    - Association with physics
    - I/O classification (history, initial, restart, boundary)
    - Communication points and patterns
    - Configuration lists (e.g. namelists)
    - Nesting up- and down-scale interpolation

### WRF Registry

- "Active data-dictionary" for managing WRF data structures
  - Program for auto-generating sections of WRF from database:
    - 2000 3000 Registry entries → 300-thousand lines of automatically generated WRF code

```
cd frame
cat *.F | wc -1
    21558
cat *.f90 | wc -1
    250653
cd ../share
cat *.F | wc -1
    34040
cat *.f90 | wc -1
    124004
```

- Allocation statements for state data and I1 data
- Interprocessor communications: Halo and periodic boundary updates, transposes
- Code for defining and managing run-time configuration information
- Code for forcing, feedback, shifting, and interpolation of nest data

#### WRF Registry

- Why?
  - Automates time consuming, repetitive, error-prone programming
  - Insulates programmers and code from package dependencies
  - Allow rapid development
  - Documents the data
- A Registry file is available for each of the dynamical cores, plus special purpose packages
- Reference: Description of WRF Registry, <a href="http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/WG2/software\_v2">http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/WG2/software\_v2</a>

### Registry Data Base

- Currently implemented as a text file: Registry/Registry.EM
- Types of entry:
  - Dimspec Describes dimensions that are used to define arrays in the model
  - State Describes state variables and arrays in the domain structure
  - /1 Describes local variables and arrays in solve
  - Typedef Describes derived types that are subtypes of the domain structure

### Registry Data Base

#### Types of entry:

- Rconfig Describes a configuration (e.g. namelist) variable or array
- Package Describes attributes of a package (e.g. physics)
- Halo Describes halo update interprocessor communications
- Period Describes communications for periodic boundary updates
- Xpose Describes communications for parallel matrix transposes
- Include Similar to a CPP #include file

#	Type Sym	Dims	Use	Tlev	Stag	IO	Dname	Descrip
state	real u	ikjb	dyn_em	2	x	i01rhusdf	"ט"	"X WIND COMPONENT"

#### Elements

- Entry: The keyword "state"
- Type: The type of the state variable or array (real, double, integer, logical, character, or derived)
- Sym: The symbolic name of the variable or array
- *Dims*: A string denoting the dimensionality of the array or a hyphen (-)
- Use: A string denoting association with a solver or 4D scalar array, or a hyphen
- NumTLev. An integer indicating the number of time levels (for arrays) or hypen (for variables)

#	Type Sym	Dims	Use	Tlev	Stag	IO	Dname	Descrip
state	real u	ikjb	dyn_em	2	x	i01rhusdf	"ט"	"X WIND COMPONENT"

#### Elements

- Stagger. String indicating staggered dimensions of variable (X, Y, Z, or hyphen)
- 10. String indicating whether and how the variable is subject to I/O and Nesting
- DName: Metadata name for the variable
- Units: Metadata units of the variable
- Descrip: Metadata description of the variable

```
#
       Type Sym
                 Dims
                                Tlev Stag
                          Use
                                               IO
                                                                   Descrip
                                                       Dname
                         dyn em
                                            i01rhusdf
       real u
                 ikjb
                                                        ייטיי
state
                                  2
                                      X
                                                                "X WIND COMPONENT"
```

- This single entry results in over 100 lines of code automatically added to more than 40 different locations in the WRF model, the real and ideal initialization programs, and in the WRF-Var package
- Nesting code to interpolate, force, feedback, and smooth u
- Addition of u to the input, restart, history, and LBC I/O streams

```
# Type Sym Dims Use Tlev Stag IO Dname Descrip
state real u ikjb dyn_em 2 X i01rhusdf "U" "X WIND COMPONENT"
```

Declaration and dynamic allocation of arrays in TYPE(domain)

```
Two 3D state arrays corresponding to the 2 time levels of U u_1 (ims:ime, kms:kme, jms:jme) u_2 (ims:ime, kms:kme, jms:jme)
```

Eight LBC arrays for boundary and boundary tendencies (dimension example for x BC)

```
u_b[xy][se] ( jms:jme, kms:kme, spec_bdy_width, 4 )
u_bt[xy][se] ( jms:jme, kms:kme, spec_bdy_width, 4 )
```

#### State Entry: Defining a variable-set for an I/O stream

Fields are added to a variable-set on an I/O stream in the Registry

```
#
       Type Sym
                  Dims
                                Tlev
                                      Stag
                                                       Dname
                                                                   Descrip
                         Use
                                               IO
                                             i01rhusdf
                                                          יינויי
                         dyn em 2
state real
                  ikjb
                                       X
                                                                "X WIND COMPONENT"
```

<u>IO</u> is a string that specifies if the variable is to be subject to initial, restart, history, or boundary I/O. The string may consist of 'h' (subject to history I/O), 'i' (initial dataset), 'r' (restart dataset), or 'b' (lateral boundary dataset). The 'h', 'r', and 'i' specifiers may appear in any order or combination.

The 'h' and 'i' specifiers may be followed by an optional integer string consisting of '0', '1', ..., '9' Zero denotes that the variable is part of the principal input or history I/O stream. The characters '1' through '9' denote one of the auxiliary input or history I/O streams.

usdf refers to nesting options:  $\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{UP}$ ,  $\mathbf{d} = \mathbf{DOWN}$ ,  $\mathbf{s} = \mathbf{SMOOTH}$ ,  $\mathbf{f} = \mathbf{FORCE}$ 

#### State Entry: Defining Variable-set for an I/O stream

**irh** -- The state variable will be included in the WRF model input, restart, and history I/O streams

**irh13** -- The state variable has been added to the first and third auxiliary history output streams; it has been removed from the principal history output stream, because zero is not among the integers in the integer string that follows the character 'h'

**rh01** -- The state variable has been added to the first auxiliary history output stream; it is also retained in the principal history output

**i205hr** -- Now the state variable is included in the principal input stream as well as auxiliary inputs 2 and 5. Note that the order of the integers is unimportant. The variable is also in the principal history output stream

ir12h -- No effect; there is only 1 restart data stream

i01 -- Data goes into real and into WRF

**i1** -- Data goes into real only

# Rconfig Entry

```
# Type Sym How set Nentries Default rconfig integer spec_bdy_width namelist,bdy_control 1 1
```

- This defines namelist entries
- Elements
  - Entry: the keyword "rconfig"
  - *Type*: the type of the namelist variable (integer, real, logical, string)
  - Sym: the name of the namelist variable or array
  - How set: indicates how the variable is set: e.g. namelist or derived, and if namelist,
     which block of the namelist it is set in

# Rconfig Entry

```
# Type Sym How set Nentries Default rconfig integer spec_bdy_width namelist,bdy_control 1 1
```

- This defines namelist entries
- Elements
  - Nentries: specifies the dimensionality of the namelist variable or array. If 1 (one) it is a variable and applies to all domains; otherwise specify max\_domains (which is an integer parameter defined in module\_driver\_constants.F).
  - Default: the default value of the variable to be used if none is specified in the namelist;
     hyphen (-) for no default

#### Roonfig Entry

```
# Type Sym How set Nentries Default rconfig integer spec_bdy_width namelist,bdy_control 1 1
```

- Result of this Registry Entry:
  - Define an namelist variable "spec\_bdy\_width" in the bdy\_control section of namelist.input
  - Type integer (others: real, logical, character)
  - If this is first entry in that section, define
     "bdy\_control" as a new section in the namelist.input file
  - Specifies that bdy\_control applies to all domains in the run

```
--- File: namelist.input ---

&bdy_control

spec_bdy_width = 5,

spec_zone = 1,

relax_zone = 4,

/
```

### Rconfig Entry

```
# Type Sym How set Nentries Default rconfig integer spec_bdy_width namelist,bdy_control 1 1
```

- Result of this Registry Entry:
  - if Nentries is "max\_domains" then the entry in the namelist.input file is a comma-separate list, each element of which applies to a separate domain
  - The single entry in the Registry file applies to each of the separate domains

```
--- File: namelist.input ---

&bdy_control

spec_bdy_width = 5,

spec_zone = 1,

relax_zone = 4,

. . . .
```

### Rconfig Entry

```
# Type Sym How set Nentries Default rconfig integer spec_bdy_width namelist,bdy_control 1 1
```

- Result of this Registry Entry:
  - Specify a default value of "1" if nothing is specified in the namelist.input file
  - In the case of a multi-process run, generate code to read in the bdy\_control section of the namelist.input file on one process and broadcast the value to all other processes

```
--- File: namelist.input ---

&bdy_control

spec_bdy_width = 5,

spec_zone = 1,

relax_zone = 4,

. . . .
```

#### **Outline**

- Registry Mechanics
  - -----
- Examples
  - 0) Add output without recompiling
  - 1) Add a variable to the namelist
  - 2) Add an array
  - 3) Compute a diagnostic
  - 4) Add a physics package

### Example 0: Add output without recompiling

Edit the namelist.input file, the time\_control namelist record

```
iofields_filename = "myoutfields.txt"
io_form_auxhist7 = 2 (choose an available stream)
auxhist7 interval = 10 (every 10 minutes)
```

Place the fields that you want in the named text file myoutfields.txt

```
+:h:7:RAINC, RAINNC
```

Where "+" means ADD this variable to the output stream, "h" is the history stream, and "7" is the stream number

# Example 0: Add output without recompiling

Edit the namelist.input file, the time\_control namelist record

```
iofields_filename = "myoutfields.txt"
```

Place the fields that you want in the named text file myoutfields.txt

```
-:h:0:W,PB,P
```

• Where "-" means REMOVE this variable from the output stream, "h" is the history stream, and "0" is the stream number (standard WRF history file)

- Use the examples for the rconfig section of the Registry
- Find a namelist variable similar to what you want
  - Integer vs real vs logical vs character
  - Single value vs value per domain
  - Select appropriate namelist record
- Insert your mods in all appropriate Registry files
- Remember that ALL Registry changes require that the WRF code be cleaned and rebuilt

```
./clean -a
./configure
./compile em real
```

 Adding a variable to the namelist requires the inclusion of a new line in the Registry file:

```
rconfig integer my_option_1 namelist,time_control 1 0 - "my_option_1" "test namelist option" rconfig integer my_option_2 namelist,time_control max_domains 0
```

Accessing the variable is through an automatically generated function:

```
USE module_configure
INTEGER :: my_option_1 , my_option_2

CALL nl_get_my_option_1( 1, my_option_1 )

CALL nl_set_my_option_2( grid%id, my_option_2 )
```

You also have access to the namelist variables from the grid structure ...

```
SUBROUTINE foo ( grid , ... )

USE module_domain
TYPE(domain) :: grid

print *,grid%my_option_1
```

... and you also have access to the namelist variables from config\_flags.

```
SUBROUTINE foo2 ( config_flags , ... )

USE module_configure

TYPE(grid_config_rec_type) :: config_flags

print *,config_flags%my_option_2
```

What your variable looks like in the namelist.input file

# Examples

- 1) Add a variable to the namelist
- 2) Add an array to solver, and IO stream
- 3) Compute a diagnostic
- 4) Add a physics package

### Example 2: Add an Array

- Adding a state array to the solver, requires adding a single line in the Registry
- Use the previous Registry instructions for a state or I1 variable
- Select a variable similar to one that you would like to add
  - 1d, 2d, or 3d
  - Staggered (X, Y, Z, or not "-", do not leave blank)
  - Associated with a package
  - Part of a 4d array
  - Input (012), output, restart
  - Nesting, lateral forcing, feedback

#### Example 2: Add an Array

- Copy the "similar" field's line and make a few edits
- Remember, no Registry change takes effect until a "clean -a" and rebuild
- Always modify Registry. *core\_name*, where *core\_name* might be EM, for example

```
real h diabatic ikj misc 1 -
state
      "h diabatic" "PREVIOUS TIMESTEP CONDENSATIONAL HEATING"
      real msft
                       ij
                           misc 1 -
state
                                         i012rhdu=(copy fcnm)
      "MAPFAC M"
                   "Map scale factor on mass grid"
                       ij misc 1 - i012rhdus
state
      real ht
                   "Terrain Height"
      "HGT"
                      ij
                           misc
state
      real ht input
      "HGT INPUT" "Terrain Height from FG Input File"
           TSK SAVE
                       ij
                           misc
state
      real
      "TSK SAVE"
                   "SURFACE SKIN TEMPERATURE"
```